Contemporary Maritime Piracy Database ©2020

Code Book

Wave

1= 1991-2000

2= 2001-2010

3=2011-2018

4=Yearly Update

CMPD Case Number

OBJECTID Case ID

IMBREP IMB Cross Reference Code or if NGIA=3

SOURCE 2 Corrected Source ID

1=IMB (also reported by NGIA)

2=IMB reported only

3=NGIA only

4=ReCAAP (NGIA)

5=UKMTO (NGIA)

6=Vessel operator

7=Open Press

8=IMO

9=MSCHOA

10=Mercury Chat

11=Risk Intelligence

12=Reuters

13=Maritime Global Net

14=Noonsite

15=State

16=TW

17=SAP

18=Agencies

19=Air Security International, USCG/USCGC

DUPL Incident Codes (only for Wave 2)

1=One Incident, Multiple Ships Boarded

2=One Incident, One Ship, Attacked Multiple Times, Boarded and Not

3=One Incident, Multiple Ships, Boarded and Not

4=One Incident, One Ship, Attacked Multiple Times, Boarded

5=Similar Cases in Bangladesh (291) and in Vietnam (40)

9=One Incident, One Ship Attacked Once.

REFERENCE Reference Codes

NGIA Code: Year-Numeric Code

IMB Code: Year, Letter Cross Reference & Number (2012B003)

SUBREG NGIA Region Code

If from IMB: 99, 999

ATTACK BASICS

DATE month/day/year

YEAR Year

TIME Time

9999=Unknown

ZONE Time Zone (for time reported)

1= Local Time

2=Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)/ Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) /Z-Time

9999=Unknown

ATKSUC Victim Vessel Boarded (Was vessel boarded?)

0=No

1=Yes

9999=Unknown

20=Belarus

NMCOAST Attack's Distance from Coast

NIVICOAST	Attack's Distance from Coast					
0 = On the coas	st/In Port					
1= In Anchorag	1= In Anchorage					
Numerical= if p	provided, the number of nautical miles from the coast					
9999=Unknow	า					
ATKLOC Attack	Location (Country (if in EEZ) of Attack or Location at Sea)					
0=Internationa	l Waters					
1=Afghanistan						
2=Åland Islands	S					
3=Albania						
4=Algeria						
5=American Sa	moa					
6=Andorra						
7=Angola						
8=Anguilla						
9=Antigua and	Barbuda					
10=Argentina						
11=Armenia						
12=Aruba						
13=Australia						
14=Austria						
15=Azerbaijan						
16=Bahamas						
17=Bahrain						
18=Bangladesh						
19=Barbados						

21=Belgium 22=Belize 23=Benin 24=Bermuda 25=Bhutan 26=Bolivia 27=Bosnia and Herzegovina 28=Botswana 29=Brazil 30=British Virgin Islands 31=Brunei Darussalam 31=Brunei 32=Bulgaria 33=Burkina Faso 34=Burundi 35=Cambodia/Democratic Kampuchea 36=Cameroon 37=Canada 38=Cape Verde 39=Cayman Islands 40=Central African Republic 41=Chad 42=Channel Islands 43=Chile 44=China / People's Republic of China 45=Hong Kong, Special Administrative Region of China 46=Macao, Special Administrative Region of China

47=Colombia

48=Comoros
49=Congo
50=Cook Islands
51=Costa Rica
52= Ivory Coast / Côte d'Ivoire
53=Croatia
54=Cuba
55=Cyprus
56=Czech Republic
57=North Korea / Democratic People's Republic of Korea
58=Congo / Democratic Republic of the Congo / Formerly Zaire
59=Denmark
60=Djibouti
61=Dominica
62=Dominican Republic
63=Ecuador
64=Egypt
65=El Salvador
66=Equatorial Guinea
67=Eritrea
68=Estonia
69=Ethiopia
70=Faeroe Islands
71=Falkland Islands (Malvinas)
72=Fiji
73=Finland
74=France & Corsica

75=French Guiana

76=French Polynesia
77=Gabon
78=Gambia
79=Georgia
80=Germany
80=German Democratic Republic
80=Federal Republic of Germany
81=Ghana
82=Gibraltar
83=Greece
84=Greenland
85=Grenada
86=Guadeloupe
87=Guam
88=Guatemala
89=Guernsey
90=Guinea
91=Guinea-Bissau
92=Guyana
93=Haiti
94=Holy See
95=Honduras
96=Hungary
97=Iceland
98=India
99=Indonesia
100=Iran / Islamic Republic of Iran
101=Iraq

102=Ireland
103=Isle of Man
104=Israel
105=Italy
106=Jamaica
107=Japan
108=Jersey
109=Jordan
110=Kazakhstan
111=Kenya
112=Kiribati
113=Kuwait
114=Kyrgyzstan
115=Laos / People's Democratic Republic of Laos
116=Latvia
117=Lebanon
118=Lesotho
119=Liberia
120=Libya / Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
121=Liechtenstein
122=Lithuania
123=Luxembourg
124=Madagascar
125=Malawi
126=Malaysia
127=Maldives
128=Mali

129=Malta

130=Marshall Islands 131=Martinique 132=Mauritania 133=Mauritius 134=Mayotte 135=Mexico 136=Micronesia / Federated States of Micronesia 136=Micronesia 137=Monaco 138=Mongolia 139=Montenegro 140=Montserrat 141=Morocco 142=Mozambique 143=Myanmar 143=Burma 144=Namibia 145=Nauru 146=Nepal / Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal 147=Netherlands 148=Netherlands Antilles 149=New Caledonia 150=New Zealand 151=Nicaragua 152=Niger 153=Nigeria 154=Niue

155=Norfolk Island

156=Northern Mariana Islands 157=Norway 158=Palestine/Occupied Palestinian Territory 159=Oman 239=Pacific Islands 239=Pacific Islands (Trust Territory) 160=Pakistan 161=Palau 162=Panama 163=Papua New Guinea 164=Paraguay 165=Peru 166=Philippines 167=Pitcairn 168=Poland 169=Portugal 170=Puerto Rico 171=Qatar 172=South Korea/Republic of Korea 173=Republic of Moldova 174=Réunion 175=Romania 176=Russian Federation 177=Rwanda 178=Saint-Barthélemy 179=Saint Helena 180=Saint Kitts and Nevis

181=Saint Lucia

- 182=Saint-Martin (French)
- 183=Saint Pierre and Miquelon
- 184=Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- 185=Samoa
- 186=San Marino
- 187=Sao Tome and Principe
- 188=Saudi Arabia
- 189=Senegal
- 190=Serbia
- 240=Serbia and Montenegro
- 191=Seychelles
- 192=Sierra Leone
- 193=Singapore
- 194=Slovakia
- 195=Slovenia
- 196=Solomon Islands
- 197=Somalia
- 198=South Africa
- 172=South Korea
- 199=Spain
- 200=Sri Lanka
- 201=Sudan
- 202=Suriname
- 203=Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands
- 204=Swaziland
- 205=Sweden
- 206=Switzerland
- 207=Syrian Arab Republic

207=Syria 208=Tajikistan 209=Thailand 210=The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia 210=Macedonia 211=East Timor / Timor-Leste 212=Togo 213=Tokelau 214=Tonga 215=Trinidad and Tobago 216=Tunisia 217=Turkey 218=Turkmenistan 219=Turks and Caicos Islands 220=Tuvalu 221=Uganda 222=Ukraine 223=United Arab Emirates 224=United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland 225=United Republic of Tanzania /Tanzania 226=United States of America 227=United States Virgin Islands 242=Union of Soviet Socialist Republics / USSR 228=Uruguay 229=Uzbekistan

231=Venezuela / Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela

230=Vanuatu

232=Viet Nam /Vietnam

233=Wallis and Futuna Islands

234=Western Sahara

235=Yemen

235=Democratic Yemen

241=Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia/Yugoslavia

236=Zambia

237=Zimbabwe

238=Czechoslovakia

243=Taiwan, Region of China

244/300=Malacca Straits (Indonesia/Malaysia)

301=Singapore Straits

302=East China Sea

245=Southern Red Sea (Yemen/Eritrea)

306=Red Sea

246/307=Gulf of Aden (Yemen/Somalia)

247=Singapore Straits

248/305=Arabian Sea

249/304=Indian Ocean

250/310=Atlantic Ocean

251/308=Gulf of Oman

252/303=South China Sea

253=Gulf of Guinea

254=Bay of Bengal

255=Mediterranean Sea

309= Caspian Sea

311=Persian Gulf

312=Pacific Ocean

313=Caribbean Sea

314=Gulf of Thailand 315=Solomon Sea 999/9999=Unknown **ATKCONT** Continent of Attack (if confirmed) / High Seas 1= Africa 2=Asia 3=North America 4=South America 5=Europe 6=Oceania 7=High Seas **ATKRESP Reported Responsibility for Attack** See country code for ATKLOC VIC **Vessel Victim Type** 0=Unknown 1=Merchant Vessel/Cargo Ship/General Cargo Ship/ General Cargo Vessel /Bulk Carrier 2=Fishing Vessel/Shrimping Vessel/Trawlers 3=Passenger/Ferry/Cruise/ Cruise Ship/Tourist Excursion 4=Private Vessel/Yacht/Pleasure Boat/Sport Fishing/Catamaran/Sailing Vessel 5=Tanker/Bunker/Chemical Tanker/ Oil Field Boat/ Oil Hovercraft/Supply Vessel/Oil Tug/Product Tanker 6=Tug towing/Tug and Barge 7=Barge 8=Navy/Coast Guard 9=Survey Vessel/Research Vessel 10=Oil Rig/Drill Rig/Oil Terminal 11=Dredger 12=Pipe Laying Ship/Cable Laying Ship 13=Dredger

- 14= Tug / Offshore tug
- 15=Diving Vessel
- 16=Dinghy
- 17=Houseboat
- 18=Private Security Vessel
- 19=Speedboat
- 20=Semi-submersible ship
- 21=Oil Prospecting Ship
- 22=Landing Craft
- 23= Guard Vessel
- 24=Supply Vessel
- 25=Salvage ship / Salvage vessel
- 9999=Unknown

VSSTAT Victim Vessel Motion Status

- 1=Stationary
- 2=Motoring, Steaming, Underway
- 3=Drifting
- 9999=inapplicable

VICLOC Victim Vessel Activity

1= Berthed/ Loading or Unloading cargo/ at Jetty/ at Terminal/ at Mooring station/ Alongside/ Pier side. 2=Anchorage / Approaching anchorage/ Harbor Limits /Outer roads / Pilot station/ In port area / Lightering /Awaiting berthing instructions.

3=At sea/Underway

4=Fishing Activities

9999=Unknown/Inapplicable

CARGO Victim Vessel Cargo

O=Inapplicable (e.g. If it is a tug, sailing boast etc.)

- 1=Cigarettes
- 2=Fish/Shrimp
- 3=Gasoil/Diesel/Liquefied Gas/Kerosene/Oil related goods (Tanker)
- 4=Footwear
- 5=Car Tires

6=Sugar
7=Salad Oil
8=Electronic Goods /Computers
9=Nylon Taffeta
10=Shoes
11=Hostages
12=Food (World Food Program)
13=Aid supplies
14=Paint
15=Steel
16=Cement
18=Salt
19=Dates
20=Chemical liquids
21=Clay
22= Palm Oil/Palm Stearin/Vegetable Oil
23 & 47=Containerized Cargo/ Containers
24=Hazardous Cargo
25=Ethanol
26=Mineral Sand
27=Propane
28=Bitumen
29=Refrigerated Cargo
30=Furnace Slag
31=Ore
32=Garments
33=Coal

34=Consumer Goods

35=Soda Ash 36=Defense Supplies/Military Cargo 37=Timber/Logs 38 & 48=Vehicles 39=Livestock 40=Bulk Cargo 41=Gypsum 42=Gas 43=Colorant 44=Cocoa 45=Ammonia 46=Tin Plates/Steel plates 49=Asphalt 50=Barge/Crane Barge 51=Fertilizer 52=Phosphoric Acid 53=Rig 54=Copper Slag 55=empty code 56=Scrap Metal or Vessel for scrap 57=Chicken Feet 58=Fruit Juice 59=General Cargo / Unspecified 60=Tug

AGGRS Reported Aggression Type

9999=Unknown

61=Woodchipper

9999=Unknown

1=Theft

2=Identified Terrorist Group (LTTE, JI, FARC, Separatist,)

3= Identified Political Engagement (Greenpeace)

4=Unidentified Political Engagement (Rebels, Militants, Extremists)

5=Stowaways/ Asylum Seekers

6=Seizure for Ransom/Hijack

7=Authorities

8=Property Damage

9=Vandalism & Theft

10=Kidnapping

11=Kidnap, Theft, & Vandalism

12=Kidnap & Theft

13=Suspicious Approach

14=Commercial Dispute

15=Extortion

16=Suspicious Activity

17=Yemen Conflict

ARMS

ARMED

0=No

1=Yes

9999=Unknown

ARMS1 Types of arms

0=No arms

1=sticks/iron rods/steel rods/pipes

2=clubs/crow bars/hammers/catapult/big spanners/tools

3=axe/hacksaw/chopper

4=knives, daggers (small)

5=swords, machetes, parangs, spears, cutlass, billhooks (larger), long knife

6=handguns, pistols, rifles

7=automatic weapons, AK47, M16

8=submachine guns, machine guns

9=empty code

10= rocket propelled grenades (RPG), bazookas, grenades, mortars 11=dynamite, missiles, other explosives 9999,999,9999=Unknown

ARMS2 Types of arms (as above if more than one reported)

99=inapplicable/ no additional arms reported

ARMS3 Types of arms (as above if more than one reported)

99=inapplicable/ no additional arms reported

VSLFIR Weapons Fired (by attackers)

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

VICTIMIZATION

This usually refers to crew on board the victim vessel but can include passengers when the vessel is a ferry, cruise ship or other pleasure craft.

CRWDTH Crew Deaths

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

CRDTHN Number of Crew Deaths

0=None

1+=number of deaths

99=Entire Crew

9999=unknown

CRWASS Crew Assaulted

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

0=No	
1=Yes	
9999=unknowr	١
CRWINJ	Crew Injured
0= No	
1=Yes	
9999= Unknow	n
CRTHRTCrew T	hreatened
0=No	
1=Yes	
99999,9999=ur	nknown
CRHOST	Crew Taken Hostage (long term incapacitation)
0=No	
1=Yes	
999,9999=unkr	nown
NUMHOST	Number of Crew Victimized in Attack
0=Inapplicable	
99=Entire Crew	
9999= Unknow	n number
CROVRB	Crew Thrown Overboard
0=No	
1=Yes	
9999=unknowr	١
KIDNAP	Crew Kidnapped (crew removed from vessel)
0=No	
1=Yes	
99=All Crew	

CRWRES

Crew Restrained

999,9999=unknown

CRMISS Crew Missing

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

FEMASS Female Crew/Passengers Victimized

0=None

1=Assaulted

2=Raped

3=Killed

TARGET VESSEL IMPACT

VSLDMG Vessel Damaged

0=None Reported

1= Minor Damage. Bullet holes, broken glass.

2= Medium Damage. Fire due to shooting. Ramming vessel.

3=Major Damage. Communication equipment purposefully destroyed.

4=Excessive Damage. Vandalism. Bombing. Suicide boat.

5=Vessel left to drift unstaffed.

9999=unknown

VSLSNK Vessel Sunk

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

VSHIJK Vessel Seized for Ransom (Temporary appropriation for the purpose of monetary gain)

0=No

1=Yes

9999=unknown

VSTHFT Vessel Stolen (Permanent appropriation) 0=No 1=Yes 9999=unknown **PAYDMND** Payment/Ransom Demanded 0=No 1=Yes 9999=unknown **PHNTM** Phantom Ship (Vessel Renamed/Repainted) 0=No 1=Yes 9999=unknown **DETEN Vessel Detained in Port** 0=No 1=Yes 9999=Unknown STLN1 **Property on Vessel Stolen** 0=Nothing Stolen 1=Mooring rope/line 2=VHF Radio or other electronic ships equipment (fishing sonars) 3=Crew's / Ship's Cash 4=Crew's personal valuables/effects (jewelry, watches, etc.) 5=Food/Supplies/Provisions 6=Engine Spare Parts or spare parts 7=Some Cargo 8=Other ships equipment/ Stores/ property (non-electronic such as safe deposit box, firefighting equipment, breathing apparatus, fireman outfit, tools, lubricants, signal flares, pumps, may be pain or mooring line if unspecified, nets, towing equipment, safety equipment)

9= Entire Cargo (see AL)

- 10=Crew's other personal belongings/ property (Cell phones, TVs, laptops...)
- 11=Arms, ammunition, firearms
- 12=Lashing gear, container locks
- 13=Paint
- 14=No cargo on board or cargo was of no interest
- 15=The vessel
- 16=Life raft/Ships Raft/Life buoys/Inflatable boat/Dinghy/Dink/Zodiac boat/Workboat
- 17= Vessel's Oil/Fuel/Gasoil/Lube oil/Gas Cylinders
- 18=Medicine
- 19=Fresh Water
- 20=Plywood
- 21=Engine/Motor
- 22=Zinc Anodes (on exterior of vessel, on rudder or propeller)
- 23= Generator
- 24=Clothes, Shoes
- 25=Bonded store of cigarettes/spirits/wine
- 26 Portable aluminum gangways
- 27=Fire hoses
- 28=Documents/Passports/Ship Documents
- 29=Emergency towing wire/Extension wire
- 30=Marine Gas Oil (17)
- 31=Night vision goggles (2)
- 32=Artwork, Furnishings
- 33=Fenders
- 34=Deck gear
- 35=Tank cleaning machines
- 36=Water pump
- 37=Satellite Dish

38=Cigarettes

39=Fish glue

40=Net

41=Alcohol

42=Fishing Gear

43=Garbage bins

99=Inapplicable

9999=Unknown

STLN2 Other Items Stolen... as above

99=inapplicable / no additional items stolen

STLN3 Other Items Stolen... as above

99=inapplicable/ no additional items stolen

STLN4 Other Items Stolen... as above

99=inapplicable/ no additional items stolen

RESPONSIBLE PARTY DETAILS

NUMASSL Number of assailants Reported

1=1-5

2=6-10

3=11-15

4=16-20

5=21-25

6=26-30

7=over 30

999,9999=unknown

NUMBR Individual or Group Attack

1=Sole pirate

2=Two or more individuals

9999=Unknown	99	99=	:Ur	ıkn	own
--------------	----	-----	-----	-----	-----

NUMBOT Number of Boats Involved in Attack

0=None

1+=number of boats

9999,99999=unknown

NMFEMPR Number of Female Pirates Involved

0=None

1+=number of women aggressors

PIRMTHR Suspected Pirate Mother Ship in Vicinity

0=No

1=Yes

PIRUNI Garb (Attackers attire e.g. wearing uniforms, dressed all in black, wearing matching clothing, wearing masks, using a disguise, etc.)

0=No

1=Yes

9999=Unknown

ATHSTTE Attackers claimed to be authorities

0=No

1=Yes

9999=Unknown

PIRAUTH Pirates were reported to be authorities

1=Yes

0=No

9999=Unknown

RESPONSE

PIRDTH Responsible Party Killed

0=None Reported

1+=number of pirates killed

9999=unknown number killed

PIRINJ Responsible Party Injured

0=None Reported

1+= number of pirates injured

9999= unknown number injured

AUTHRES Authority Response Type

0= Unknown

1=Authorities responded promptly when alerted and caught/killed culprits or some culprits immediately or later/fired on pirates

2=Authorities responded promptly but culprits escaped/ patrol set up/ gave priority berthing/ guard were provided/scared away culprits/dispatched helicopter/dispatched patrol boat/warships dispatched

3=Authorities responded: by investigation/told vessel to move out further into sea/coast guard

4=Authorities did not respond

5=Authorities refused to respond/chose not to respond/said would send help but did not/said it was a common occurrence

6=Authorities suspected of being accomplices/ corruption

7=Int'l Naval force response & escort to port/British fisheries protection vessel

8=Naval convoy but ineffective

9=Naval vessel destroyed / sunk ship in error

10=Pre-emptive strike

11=Language problems, could not communicate

99=Inapplicable

RESPTIM Response Time

0=Did not come to the crime scene

1=Arrived within an hour/provided security/captured pirates later/searched area

2...=number of hours before authorities came to the scene, within n hours.

99=Inapplicable/Unknown

9999=Arrived to investigate within an unknown time frame

REPRT Attack Reported

0=Unknown

1=To local authorities/port control/coast guard

2=To coalition forces/warship/IMB/UKMTO

99=inapplicable

EVAS1 Evasion Tactics Used

0=Unknown

1=Whistle

2=Alarms Sounded/Foghorn

3=Searchlights/Aldis lights/Signal Lamp/Spotlight

4=Water hoses/Jets/Fire hoses activated or used/Fire pumps

5=Flares shot/Signal rockets/Fired rocket flares/Parachute Rockets/Warning Shots/Pyrotechnics

6=Nearby Vessel /Aircraft approaching/Naval forces assisted

7=Locked Doors/Barricaded crew and valuables/ citadel

8=Maneuvered so as to stop boarding or increased speed/evasive maneuvers/altered course/heaved up anchor

9=External weather conditions/sea conditions

10=Used firearms/fired shots (by crew)

11= Crew mustered. Crew was alert and active. Crew was vigilant/On standby. Crew was alerted.

12=Radioed for assistance, broadcast a MAYDAY signal/ Communicated via radio with pirates/ Notified nearby vessels/Used VHF to communicate that it was being attacked/distress message

13=Homemade Molotov

14=Vessel with high free board

15=Used makeshift weapons (steel bars, scrap metal, tools, turnbuckles...)

16=Distress radio beacon activated/SSAS/LRAD

17=Deck lights switched on/flashed

18=Shore guard/Local Watchmen/Hired guards/Private Security/Navy Security Guards (EXTERNAL)

19=Shouted/Ordered pirates to leave

20=SHIPLOC SYSTEM

- 21=Vessel watchman/anti-piracy watch/unarmed guards
- 22=Razor wire/Barb wire/Electric fence
- 23=Counter piracy measures/anti-piracy measures/anti-piracy system
- 24=Foam monitors
- 25=Armed guard/Security/Naval officers using firearms/showing their firearms
- 26=Locked all doors/Secured stores/Secure ropes with wires
- 27=Captured pirates released them
- 28=Captured pirates handed to authorities
- 29=Recorded sound of barking dogs played
- 30=Ramming attacker
- 31=Chased pirates/Confronted pirates/fought pirates
- 32=Long range acoustic device
- 33=Warned other vessels
- 34=Evasive maneuvers that capsized the pirate vessel
- 35=Security team pretending to hold arms
- 36=Threw items at pirates, e.g. garbage
- 37=Escaped crew defended themselves
- 38=Moved rudder
- 39=Threw things at pirates
- 40=Photographed pirates
- 41=Cast off barge
- 42=Captured pirates and threw overboard
- 43= Stopped main engines/disabled machinery
- 44=Paid off pirates
- 45=Ballast overflow
- 46=Switched off lights
- 99=Inapplicable
- 9999=unknown

EVAS2 Other Evasion Tactics... as above

99=inapplicable / no additional evasion tactics used

EVAS3 Other Evasion Tactics... as above

99=inapplicable / no additional evasion tactics used

EVAS4 Other Evasion Tactics... as above

99=inapplicable / no additional evasion tactics used

Background Information of CMPD©2020:

The CMPD includes information on maritime piracy attacks from 1991 through 2018, with over 10,000 cases worldwide. The database will be maintained with yearly updates. Each attack lists information on the date, time, location, target vessel characteristics, victimization, responsible party details, arms, responses, and evasion tactics. The database is currently the most comprehensive maritime piracy database available and includes over 50 distinct variables. Empirical, comprehensive cataloguing of piracy data allows for the continued monitoring of the changing nature and trends of contemporary piracy. Throughout history, piracy has morphed. In the first decade of this dataset, 1991-2000, overt forms of state piracy were exhibited as well as phantom ship piracy. The second wave, 2001-2010, shows no incidents of either of these types of piracy, instead Somali piracy became the dominant issue. More recently, piracy has changed again with different geographic locations and modus operandi. The CMPD makes it possible to understand the changes in piracy tactics, nature, and trends, which in turn provide for evidence-based policy formulation and targeted allocation of resources. The data can be searched and browsed online; for deeper analytical research, the entire database can be downloaded.

History of the CMPD

The CMPD project began in 2008 in response to the lack of comprehensive datasets on current forms of maritime piracy for research and analytical purposes. The database has been created, updated and managed by Dr. Twyman-Ghoshal as part of her ongoing research on maritime piracy. This online interface is aimed at bringing this work into the public domain in an effort to increase the general understanding of contemporary maritime piracy.

Data Collection Methods

The CMPD is compiled from two major sources — the International Chamber of Commerce International Maritime Bureau (IMB) piracy reports and the United States National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGIA) world-wide threats to shipping summaries. The integrated CMPD includes all non-duplicated reported attacks of maritime piracy between 1991-2018. The IMB is the primary source of information on piracy attacks globally, providing the majority of the CMPD data. The NGIA, however, adds a substantial amount to this dataset, around 25 percent.

The IMB is the principal international organizations dealing with maritime piracy. In October 1992, it established the Piracy Reporting Center (PRC) in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The PRC is a 24-hour operated center receiving and disseminating reports of piracy and armed robbery. The PRC collects self-reports from captains or owners of ships that have been the victim of a pirate attack; each report is logged using a standard report template. The PRC is tasked primarily with issuing status reports on piracy and armed robbery to ships via broadcasts using a global satellite communication service. In addition, the IMB issues quarterly and annual reports detailing the information collected by the PRC.

The NGIA provides maritime safety information for U.S. shipping. The NGIA messages provide the location and description of hostile acts against ships and mariners at sea. This information is summarized in the NGIA monthly Worldwide Threat to Shipping Reports and the weekly Piracy Analysis and Warning Reports. The NGIA receives its information from self-reports as well as reports from a variety of sources, including navies and coast guards from around the world, press reports, the IMB, and other maritime organizations.

The process of integration of these two data sources was made easier by the fact that both sources provided comparable information in their reports. The choice of variables coded was driven by the availability of information in the attack descriptions. For each event, information is available on the date, time, and location of the attack, the type of vessel victimized, and when available, information on the responsible party, the types casualties and losses, and the weapons used.

Although there is a good amount of general information in the data, the CMPD is constrained by what information is feasible to obtain in the short time frame when an attack is called in (in the case of the IMB) and what can be drawn out from other sources (in the case of the NGIA). The outcomes of the cases are not included in this database. Information on each attack is variable due to the level of detail in each description.

The NGIA reports include all cases that infringe on the safety of shipping – this introduces some ambiguity as to which of these constitutes piracy. The CMPD adopts a broad definition of maritime piracy, which is particularly appropriate for creating a comprehensive dataset. It is based on the IMB's definition, used for statistical purposes, and includes any act of boarding or attempting to board any ship with the apparent intent or capability to use force in the furtherance of the act. This definition has been used consistently over all the data included. This definition of maritime piracy allows for a variety of attacks to be included in the database. This enables users to hone in on various types of shipping threats. The variables in the database do allow for the use of more limiting legal definitions.

The production of the database has changed over time due to the extent of information available and efficiency of workflows. Code validity was maintained by consulting with an advisory committee. The dataset was compiled in three waves, some of the waves were coded by a single researcher (2001-2010) and others by a small team of researchers (2011-2018 & 1991-2000). Retest reliability was conducted by the single researcher. Inter-rater reliability tests were used by the research teams to ensure consistency in the coding procedure.

Note the following about this dataset:

1. Attacks vs Attempts

The IMB annual reports divide the narration of cases between two categories: attempted and actual attacks. Attempted attacks are cases where the victim vessel is not boarded, while actual attacks describe when a vessel is boarded. The CMPD does not distinguish piracy between attempted and actual attacks. The problem in distinguishing between attempted and actual attacks lies in the assumption that boarding a vessel is a sign of a successful piracy, however considering the various motives for piracy, boarding may not be necessary for a successful attack. The CMPD uses the working definition provided by the IMB that does not require boarding as a prerequisite for success, instead it includes any act of boarding or attempting to board.

2. Coding Assumptions

Due to the nature of the descriptions being coded, some coding assumptions had to be made to ensure consistency. Unless otherwise specified:

- The responsibility of the attack is assumed to be the nationals of the country (territorial waters) in which the attack happened. The exception was for Somali cases, which mostly occurred in high seas, then the geographic location and modus operandi of the attack was used to identify these as Somali cases.
- If a vessel was boarded (and it is witnessed by the crew) and there is no mention of evasive tactics, then evasive tactics are coded as unknown.
- If a vessel is boarded without being seen, the armed is coded as unknown.
- An attack that is described to have taken place at berth or in anchorage is coded as one occurring in territorial waters
- A chemical tanker cargo is coded as carrying chemical liquids.
- Cases that are described as warnings to mariners are coded as a suspicious activity
- The motive for an attempted attack for a Somali case is coded as hijack due to the unique modus operandi of these cases.
- All seizure cases assume the perpetrators were armed in some way (armed is coded as yes and type of arms is coded as unknown).
- If a vessel is seized but doesn't mention ransom, ransom is coded as unknown.
- If crew is kidnapped, they are coded as also being retrained.
- A seizure can be for both a ransom or for stealing cargo.
- If the crew mustered in citadel, it is coded as mustering and citadel (two evasive techniques).
- Armed security guards firing warning shots is coded armed guards using firearms
 (25)
- and firing warning shots (2).
- When a description mentions heavily armed, it is coded as automatic weapons in arms.
- If a crew is described as being taken hostage, it is coded as hostage and as retrained
- The code for the number of boats included the total number of skiffs and any motherships.
- When there is not time given of the attack but words are used to describe the time:
 - A description of "early hours" is coded as 5am local time (0500 LT)

- A description of "night hours" is coded as one-minute past midnight local time (0001 LT)
- A description of "evening" is coded as 8pm local time (2000 LT)
- A description of "afternoon" is coded as 3pm local time (1500 LT)
- If crew members were injured it is assumed, they were also assaulted.
- If there was no physical violence/harm, then it is coded as a threat only.
- If authority response to the attack is unknown, the response time is also coded as unknown.
- 3. List of sources (non-exhaustive) used to compile world-wide threats to shipping summaries of the NGIA.
 - Agence France Presse (AFP)
 - Associated Press (AP)
 - Baltic and International Maritime Council (BIMCO), Denmark
 - BBC News
 - EU Naval Forces (EU)
 - Fairplay (FP), London
 - Informa Group (INFO), formerly LLP, Llp Limited, London
 - International Maritime Bureau (IMB), London and Kuala Lumpur
 - International Maritime Organization (IMO), London
 - Latitude38.com (LAT) website
 - Lloyd's List (LL), daily, London
 - Local Media (LM)
 - MaRisk by Risk Intelligence (Risk Intelligence/MaRisk)
 - Maritime Administration (MARAD), U.S.
 - Maritime Security Centre Horn of Africa (MSCHOA)
 - Maritime Security Council (MSC), U.S.
 - National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA), Navigation Safety System
 - North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), Brussels
 - Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) (analysis and comment)
 - Operator (owner or operator of affected vessel)
 - Overseas Security Advisory Council (OSAC)
 - Regional Cooperation Agreement on Combating Piracy and Armed Robbery against Ships in Asia, Information Sharing Center (ReCAAP ISC)
 - Reuters
 - Royal Australian Navy (RAN)
 - Royal New Zealand Navy (RNZN)
 - Seafarers' Assistance Program (SAP), Kenya
 - Tradewinds (TW)
 - United Kingdom Maritime Trade Organization (UKMTO)
 - United Press International (UPI)
 - U.S. Maritime Liaison Office (MARLO) Bahrain
 - U.S. Coast Guard (USCG)
 - U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)
 - U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ)
 - U.S. Department of State (DOS)

• U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Citing the CMPD

Anamika Twyman-Ghoshal, Ph.D. owns all rights, title, and interest in the CMPD, including the Contemporary Maritime Piracy Database and codebook, user interface, and all auxiliary materials .The use of the CMPD is subject to acknowledging the use and citing the source, as Twyman-Ghoshal, A. (2020). Contemporary Maritime Piracy Database [Data set]. https://www.maritimepiracy.com